

MEMORANDUM
AND
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
KANOHAR ELECTRICALS LIMITED

FRESH CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

CONSEQUENT ON CHANGE OF NAME

COMPANY NO. 20-3635

IN THE OFFICE OF REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, U.P.,
KANPUR.

(Under the Companies Act, 1956 (1 of 1956))

In the matter of _____

KANOHAR ELECTRICALS PRIVATE LIMITED.

I hereby certify that _____

KANOHAR ELECTRICALS PRIVATE LIMITED.

which was originally incorporated on 13th day of
November, 1972 under the Companies Act, 1956
under the name KANOHAR ELECTRICALS PRIVATE LIMITED.

having duly passed Special Resolution
on 30.11.94 in terms of Section 21 of the
Companies Act, 1956 ~~and the approval of the Geographical
Name of the Company is hereby given, it is hereby
notified that the name of the Company is
KANOHAR ELECTRICALS PRIVATE LIMITED.~~

The name of the said company is this day ~~xxxxxx~~ converted to
KANOHAR ELECTRICALS LIMITED.

and this certificate is issued pursuant to Section 31/44(2)(b)
~~xxx~~ of the said Act.

Given under my hand at Kanpur this 22nd day of December
(ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY) FOUR.

R. D. KURELI
REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, U.P.
कानपुर, उत्तर प्रदेश

No. 3635 /RC/

Dated 22.12.1994

To

M/s Kanohar Electricals Limited.
Meerut.

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

AS PER COMPANIES ACT, 2013

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

KANOHAR ELECTRICALS LIMITED

I. The Name of the Company is **KANOHAR ELECTRICALS LIMITED.**

II. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the **State of Uttar Pradesh.**

**III. (A) THE OBJECTS TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION
ARE:—**

1. To manufacture, fabricate, purchase, sale and otherwise deal in all types of Electricals including A.C.S.R. and all aluminum Conductors with their accessories. Cables and Wires with their accessories, Transformers with their accessories, Towers and Supports with their accessories and all types of H.T. and L.T. overhead line equipment and insulators of all types.
2. To manufacture, purchase, sale, import, export, supply and deal in all types of goods, accessories, appliances, instruments and plant and machinery used in generation, distribution supply, accumulation and consumption of electricity and all other kinds of power e.g. voltage transformers, stabilizers, motors, generators, turbines, power plants, switches, switch gears, fans, lights, refrigerators, coolers, air-conditioners, pumps, transmitters and receivers, indicating, testing, precision and measuring instruments etc. and radiographs, phonographs, dictaphones, television sets and all sorts of electrical and wireless sets, instruments and articles.

To carry on the business of, dealers in developing, marketing and selling of all kinds of computer software and services.

Company vide Special resolution passed in the EGM held on August 12, 2024, adopted new set of Memorandum of Association which is in compliance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013.

3. To set up steel making furnaces, continuous casting and rolling mill plant for producing steel and alloy steel ingots, billets and all kinds and sizes of rolled sections i.e. Squares, Flats, Rounds, Bars, Hexagons, Octagons, Angles, T-Iron, Girders, Joists, Structural, Rails, Channels, Plates, Strips, Sheets, Hoop, Wire Rods, Plain and Cold Twisted Bars, Bright Bars, Shaftings and Special purpose Sections.
4. To manufacture and carry on the business of all or any kind of Iron, Steel and Non ferrous metal makers, melters and founders including malleable and grey cast iron, special and alloy steel, manufacturers of all types of forgings and forged components, railway wagons, railway track, railway components and accessories, alloys, nut bolts, nails, tools, all types of hardware items, steel wire ropes and tubes and to buy, sell, import, export, manufacture, process, repair, convert, take on lease or hire, let on hire, or otherwise deal in such products, their raw materials, stores, packing materials, byproducts and allied commodities of all kinds.
5. To act as consultants for engineering, productivity and management.

B) MATTERS WHICH ARE NECESSARY FOR FURTHERANCE OF THE OBJECTS SPECIFIED IN CLAUSE III(A) ARE:—

1. To enter into any arrangement with any government or authority, central, provincial, municipal, local or otherwise, public or quasi-public bodies, that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to obtain from any such government, or authority any rights, privileges and concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions.
2. To invest and deal with the funds of the Company upon such securities and in such manner as shall from time to time be thought necessary or for the benefit of the Company.
3. To receive money on deposit or loan upon such terms as may be thought fit, and to hold, deal in or invest in any form including bullion, provided however the Company shall not do any banking business as defined under the Banking Regulations Act 1949.
4. To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money in such other manner as the Company shall think fit and in particular by the issue of debentures, perpetual or otherwise mortgage or any other securities charged or based upon the undertaking of the Company or any part of its property, both present and future, including the uncalled capital and the rights of the Company or without any such security and upon such terms as to priority or otherwise and generally to borrow money in such manner as the Company shall think fit.

5. To give guarantees, counter-guarantees, indemnities and/or counter indemnities for any person for any loan or financial assistance or performance of any contract or other obligations.
6. To draw cheques, make accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory note, bills of exchange, bills of lading, charter parties, warrants, debentures and other negotiable and transferable instruments.
7. To procure the Company to be registered or established or to be authorised to do business as a Company with limited liability in any foreign country or place.
8. To pay all the costs, charges and expenses incidental to the promotion, formation, registration and establishment of the company.
9. To enter into any arrangement for sharing profits or losses or into any union of interest, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or co-operation with any person or persons or Company or Companies.
10. To use trade marks, trade names or brands for the products and goods of the Company and adopt such means of making known the business and/or products of the Company as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in newspapers, periodicals, magazines or by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art and interest or by opening stalls and exhibitions, by publications of books or periodicals, by distributing samples and by granting prizes, rewards and donations, but no donation/contribution shall be made to any political party/association/exhibitions or for any political purpose.
11. To purchase or otherwise acquire or undertake all or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business with this company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company and to pay for the same by shares, debentures, bonds, cash or otherwise.
12. To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company having object altogether or in part similar to those of this company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company.
13. To amalgamate with any other company or companies having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the company.
14. To sell the undertaking of the company, or any part thereof for such consideration as the company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures, bonds or securities of any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this company, to promote any other company or companies for the purpose of its or their acquiring all or any of the property, rights or liabilities of this company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this company.

15. To sell, improve, manage, develop, leases, mortgage, exchange, dispose off, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of property and rights of the company.

16. To distribute any of the property of the company in specie or kind among the members on the event of its winding up.

IV. The liability of the member(s) is limited and this liability is limited to the amount unpaid, if any, on the shares held by them.

V. The Authorized Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 17,00,00,000/- (Rupees Seventeen Crores Only) divided into 8,50,00,000 (Eight Crores Fifty Lakhs) Equity Shares of Rs. 2/- (Rupees Two Only) each.⁸

Footnote:

1. The Authorized Share Capital of the Company was increased from Rs. 5,00,000/- (Rupees Five lacs only) divided into 5,000 (Five Thousand) equity shares of Rs. 100/- (Rupees Hundred only) each to Rs. 10,00,000/- (Rupees Ten lakhs only) divided into 10,000 (Ten Thousand) equity shares of Rs. 100/- (Rupees Hundred only) each vide resolution of members passed at Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 14.03.1985.
2. The Authorized Share Capital of the Company was increased from Rs. 10,00,000/- (Rupees Ten lakhs only) divided into 10,000 (Ten Thousand) equity shares of Rs. 100/- (Rupees Hundred only) each to Rs. 20,00,000/- (Rupees Twenty lakhs only) divided into 20,000 (Twenty Thousand) equity shares of Rs. 100/- (Rupees Hundred only) each vide resolution of members passed at Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 06.07.1987.
3. The Authorized Share Capital of the Company was increased from Rs. 20,00,000/- (Rupees Twenty lakhs only) divided into 20,000 (Twenty Thousand) equity shares of Rs. 100/- (Rupees Hundred only) each to Rs. 40,00,000/- (Rupees Forty lakhs only) divided into 40,000 (Forty Thousand) equity shares of Rs. 100/- (Rupees Hundred only) each vide resolution of members passed at Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 03.06.1989.
4. The Authorized Share Capital of the Company was increased from Rs. 40,00,000/- (Rupees Forty lakhs only) divided into 40,000 (Forty Thousand) equity shares of Rs. 100/- (Rupees Hundred only) each to Rs. 50,00,000/- (Rupees Fifty Lakhs only) divided into 50,000 (Fifty Thousand) equity shares of Rs. 100/- (Rupees Hundred only) each vide resolution of members passed at Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 29.06.1992.
5. Clause V was replaced vide resolution passed in Extra-ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 10.11.1994 pursuant to approval of Sub-division of shares from Rs. 100/- (Rupees Hundred only) each to Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each.
6. The Authorized Share Capital of the Company was increased from Rs. 50,00,000/- (Rupees Fifty Lakhs only) divided into 5,00,000 (Five Lakhs) equity shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten only) each to Rs. 5,00,00,000/- (Rupees Five Crores only) divided into 50,00,000 (Fifty Lakhs only) equity shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten only) each vide resolution of members passed at Extra-ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 10.11.1994.
7. Clause V was replaced vide ordinary resolution passed in Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 27.08.2025 pursuant to approval of sub-division of shares from Rs. 10/- each to Rs. 2/- each.

8. The Authorized Share Capital of the Company is increased from Rs. 5,00,00,000/- (Rupees Five Crores only) divided into 2,50,00,000 (Two Crores Fifty Lakhs) equity shares of Rs. 2/- (Rupees Two only) each to Rs. 17,00,00,000/- (Rupees Seventeen Crores only) divided into 8,50,00,000 (Eight crores Fifty Lakhs only) equity shares of Rs. 2/- (Rupees Two only) each vide resolution of members passed at Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 27.08.2025.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed hereto, and desirous of being formed into a Company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Signatures, Names, Descriptions, Occupations and addresses of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber	Signature, Name, Description, Occupation and address of the Witness
1. Kanohar Lal (KANOHAR LAL SINGHAL) Business, S/o Late L. Durga Prasad, Near Lisari Gate, Meerut.	1 (One)	Shyam Sundar Gupta (SHYAM SUNDAR GUPTA) Chartered Accountant, S/o Shri Shiva Charan Gupta, Western Kutchery Road, Meerut.
2. Trishla Singhal (TRISHLA SINGHAL) Business, W/o Shri Kanohar Lal Singhal, Hari Nagar, Near Lisari Gate, Meerut	1 (One)	
Total	2 (Two) Equity Shares	

Dated this 28th day of October, 1972.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

(A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF KANOHAR ELECTRICALS LIMITED

PRELIMINERY

1. Subject as hereinafter provided the Regulations contained in Table 'F' in the Schedule I to the Companies Act, 2013 shall apply to the Company so far as they are applicable to Public Company except so far as they have implied or expressly modified by what is contained in the Articles mentioned as altered or amended from time to time.

INTERPRETATION

I.

- (1) In these Regulations: -

- (a) "Company" means **KANOHAR ELECTRICALS LIMITED**
- (b) "the Act" means the "Companies Act, 2013" and every statutory modification or re-enactment thereof and references to Sections or Rules of the Act shall be deemed to mean and include references to sections enacted in modification or replacement thereof.
- (c) "the Depositories Act" means the Depositories Act, 1996 and every statutory modification or re-enactment thereof and references to sections or rules of the Act shall be deemed to mean and include references to sections enacted in modification or replacement thereof.
- (d) "these Regulations" or "this Regulation" or "the Regulation" means these Articles of Association as originally framed or as altered, from time to time.
- (e) "the Office" means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company.
- (f) "the Seal" means the common seal of the Company.
- (g) Words imparting the singular shall include the plural and vice versa, words imparting the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender and words imparting persons shall include bodies corporate and all other persons recognized by law as such.
- (h) "month" and "year" means a calendar month and calendar year respectively.

- (i) Expression referring to writing shall be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in visible form.
- (j) Unless the context otherwise requires, the words or expressions contained in these Regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modifications thereof, in force at the date at which these Regulations become binding on the Company.

2. The Regulations contained in Table F in Schedule 1 to the Companies Act, 2013 shall not apply to the Company and the Regulations herein contained shall be the regulations for the management of the Company and for the observance of its members and their representatives. They shall be binding on the company and its members as if they are the terms of an agreement between them.

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

II. 1.

1. The Authorised Share Capital of the company shall be such amounts and be divided into such shares as may, from time to time, be provided in Clause-V of the Memorandum of Association with power to increase or reduce the capital in accordance with the Company's regulations and legislative provisions for the time being in force on that behalf with the powers to divide the share capital, whether original or increased or decreased, into equity or preference share capital.

Subject to the provisions of these Articles and of the Act, the shares shall be under the control of the Board of Directors, who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose off the same to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par or (subject to the compliance with the provision of Section 53 of the Act) at a discount and at such time as they think fit and with full power of the Company in the General Meeting to give any person the option or right to call for or be allotted any shares of the Company, either at a premium or at par and for such time and for such consideration as the Board of Directors think fit (subject to the provisions of Section 53, 54, 56 and 58 of the Act), and may issue and allot shares in the capital of the company on payment in full or part of any property sold and transferred or for any services rendered to the company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may so be allotted may be issued as fully paid up shares and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid shares, provided that option or right to call on shares shall not be given to any person except with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting. The Board shall cause to be made the returns as the allotment provided for in Section 39 of the Act.

2. Any application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of any shares therein, shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles; and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is on the register shall, for the purposes of the Articles, be a member.

II 2.

1 (i) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after incorporation, in case of subscribers to the memorandum or after allotment or within one month after the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided, —

- (a) one or more certificates in marketable lots for all the shares of each class or denomination registered in his name without payment of any charges; or
- (b) several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, if the directors approve (upon payment of such fee as the directors so determine).

(ii) Every certificate of shares shall be under the seal and shall specify the number and distinctive numbers of shares in respect of which it is issued and amount paid-up thereon and shall be in such form as the directors may prescribe and approve.

(iii) In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate of shares to one or several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

2. If any shares stands in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the register of members shall as regards receipt of dividends, the service of notices and subject to the provisions of these Articles, all or any other matter connected with the Company except the issue of share certificates, voting at meeting and the transfer of the share, be deemed the sole holder thereof.

3. If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given.

4. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of twenty rupees for each certificate. Provided that no fee shall be charged for issue of new certificates in replacement of those which are old, defaced or worn out or where there is no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer.

5. Notwithstanding what is stated above, the Directors shall comply with such rules or regulation or requirements of any Stock Exchange or the rules made under the Act or rules made under Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 or any other Act, or rules applicable thereof in this behalf.

6. The provisions of the sub-Regulations (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) or Regulation II 2. shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to debentures of the company.

7. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these Regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

- (i) The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by sub-section (6) of section 40, provided that the rate per cent. or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rules made thereunder.
 - (ii) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under sub-section (6) of section 40.
 - (iii) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.
- (i) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of section 48, and whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
 - (ii) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these Regulations relating to general meetings shall *mutatis mutandis* apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.
10. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.
11. Subject to the provisions of section 55, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that they are to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may, by special resolution, determine.

12. DEMATERIALIZATION OF SHARES

- a. The Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears on the register of Members as the holder of any Share or whose name appears as the beneficial owner of Shares in the records of the Depository, as the absolute owner thereof. The register and index of beneficial owners maintained by a Depository under the Depositories Act, 1996 shall be deemed to be a register and index of members for the purposes of the Act.

Provided however that provisions of the Act or these Regulations relating to distinctive numbering shall not apply to the Shares of our Company, which have been dematerialized.

- b. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Regulations, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialize its shares, debentures and other securities pursuant to the Depositories Act and to offer any shares, debentures or other securities proposed to be issued by it for subscription in a dematerialized form and on the same being done, the Company shall further be entitled to maintain a Register of Members/ Debenture holders/ other security holders with the details of members/ debenture holders/ other securities both in materialized and dematerialized form in any medium as permitted by the Act.

- c. Every person subscribing to or holding securities of the Company shall have the option to receive security certificates or to hold the securities in electronic form with a Depository. If a person opts to hold his security with a Depository, the Company shall intimate such Depository the details of allotment of the security, and on receipt of the information, the Depository shall enter in its records the name of the allottee as the Beneficial Owner of the Security.
- d. Save as herein otherwise provided, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears as the beneficial owner of the shares, debentures and other securities in the records of the Depository as the absolute owner thereof as regards receipt of dividends or bonus on shares, interest/ premium on debentures and other securities and repayment thereof or for service of notices and all or any other matters connected with the Company and accordingly the Company shall not (except as ordered by the Court of competent jurisdiction or as by law required and except as aforesaid) be bound to recognise any benami trust or equity or equitable, contingent or other claim to or interest in such shares, debentures or other securities as the case may be, on the part of any other person whether or not it shall have express or implied notice thereof.
- e. In the case of transfer of shares, debentures or other securities where the Company has not issued any certificates and where such shares, debentures or other securities are being held in an electronic and fungible form, the provisions of the Depositories Act, shall apply.

Provided that in respect of the shares and securities held by the depository on behalf of a beneficial owner, the provisions of section 9 and any other applicable section as amended of the Depositories Act shall apply so far as applicable.

- f. Every Depository shall furnish to the Company information about the transfer of securities in the name of the Beneficial Owner at such intervals and in such manner as may be specified by the bye-laws of the Depository and the Company in that behalf.
- g. Except as specifically provided in these Regulations, the provisions relating to joint holders of shares, calls, lien on shares, forfeiture of shares and transfer and transmission of shares shall be applicable to shares held in electronic form so far as they apply to shares in physical form subject however to the provisions of the Depositories Act.

13. The Company shall cause to be kept a register and index of members in accordance with all applicable provisions of the Act and the Depositories Act with details of shares held in physical and dematerialized forms in any medium as may be permitted by law including in any form of electronic medium.

LIEN

14. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares/ debentures (not being a fully paid-up shares/ debentures) registered in the name of each member (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a

fixed time in respect of such shares/ debentures and no equitable interest in any share shall be created except upon the footing and condition that this Regulation will have full effect and such lien shall extend to all dividends and bonuses from time to time declared in respect of such shares/ debentures. Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of a transfer of shares/debentures shall operate as a waiver of the company's lien if any, on such shares/debentures. The Directors may at any time declare any shares/ debentures wholly or in part to be exempt from the provisions of this clause.

15. The company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the company has a lien:

Provided that no sale shall be made—

- (a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
- (b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.

16. (i) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.

(ii) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.

(iii) The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

17. (i) The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.

(ii) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

18. The provisions of these Regulations relating to lien shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to any other securities, including debentures, of the Company.

CALLS ON SHARES

19. (i) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times: Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call.

(ii) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.

(iii)A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.

20. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by instalments.

21. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

22. (i) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten per cent. per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.

(ii)The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.

23. 1. (i) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these Regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.

(ii) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these Regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

2. Subject to the provisions of Section 50 and 179 of the Act, the Board :-

(a) May, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance all or any part of the moneys due upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called for; and

(b) upon the amount so paid or satisfied in advance, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the company may pay interest at such rate, as the member paying such sum in advance and the Directors agree upon, provided that , money so paid in advance of calls shall not confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.

The members shall not be entitled to any voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would but for such payment, become presently payable.

The provisions of these Regulations shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to the calls on other securities, including debentures, of the company.

3. On the trial or hearing on any suit or proceedings brought by the Company against any member or his representative to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his share, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of members of the company as a holder or one of the holders of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who resolved to make any call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at Board Meeting at which any call was resolved to be made, nor that the meeting at which any call was resolved to be made was duly convened

or constituted nor any other matter, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

4. Neither the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall, from time to time, be due from any member to the Company in respect of his shares, either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of the payment of any such money, shall, preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.

24. Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares, attending (but not voting) at the General Meeting, appointment of Directors and otherwise. Debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the company in the General Meeting by a Special Resolution.

FURTHER ISSUE OF SHARES

25. Where at any time, it is proposed to increase the subscribed capital of the company by allotment of further shares then:
 - (a) Such further shares shall be offered to the persons who, at the date of the offer, are holders of the equity shares of the company, in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the paid-up share capital on those shares by sending a letter of offer, subject to the following conditions, namely:;
 - (i) The offer aforesaid shall be made by a notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than fifteen days and not exceeding thirty days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined;
 - (ii) The offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person and the notice referred to in sub-clause (i) shall contain a statement of this right;
 - (iii) After the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid, or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner which is not disadvantageous to the shareholders and the company.
 - (b) Such further shares shall be offered to employees under a scheme of employees' stock option, subject to a special resolution passed by the company and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed; or
 - (c) Such further shares shall be offered to any persons, if authorized by a special resolution, whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b), either for cash or for a consideration other than cash, if the price of such shares is determined in compliance with applicable laws.

26. The notice referred to in sub-clause (i) of clause (a) of the Regulation 25 shall be dispatched through registered post or speed post or through electronic mode to all existing shareholders at least three days before the opening of the issue.

27. Nothing in this section shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of a company caused by the exercise of an option as a term attached to the debentures issued or a loan raised by the company to convert such debentures or loans into shares in the company:

Provided that the terms of the issue of such debentures or loan containing such an option have been approved before the issue of such debentures or the raising of loan by a special resolution passed by the company in a general meeting.

28. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Regulation 27, where any debentures have been issued, or loan has been obtained from any Government by a company, and if that Government considers it necessary in the public interest so to do, it may, by order, direct that such debentures or loans or any part thereof shall be converted into shares in the company on such terms and conditions as appear to the Government to be reasonable in the circumstances of the case even if terms of the issue of such conversion:

Provided that where the terms and conditions of such conversion are not acceptable to the company, it may, within sixty days from the date of communication of such order, appeal to the Tribunal which shall after the company and Government pass such order as it deems fit.

29. In determining the terms and conditions of conversion under the Regulation 28, the Government shall have due regard to the financial position of the company, the terms of issue of debentures or loans, as the case may be, the rate of interest payable on such debentures or loans and such other matters as it may consider necessary.

30. Where the Government has, by an order made under the Regulation 28, directed that any debenture or loan or any part thereof shall be converted into shares in a company and where no appeal has been preferred to the Tribunal under the Regulation 28 or where such appeal has been dismissed, the memorandum of such company shall, stand altered and the authorized share capital of such company shall stand increased by an amount equal to the amount of the value of shares which such debentures or loans or part thereof has been converted into.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

31. 1. The Company shall keep a "Register of Transfers" and therein shall fairly and distinctly enter particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share(s) or securities.

2. (i) The instrument of transfer of any share in the company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.

(ii) the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the security until a properly signed deed of transfer is received by the Company within 2 months of its execution and proper note thereof has been taken and name of transferee has been entered in the Register of Members/Securities, as the case may be;

(iii) that a common form of transfer shall be used;

(iv) that fully paid shares shall be free from all lien and that in the case of partly paid shares the Company's lien shall be restricted to money called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares;

(v) that registration of transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except where the Company has a lien on shares;

(vi) that any amount paid up in advance of calls on any share may carry interest but shall not in respect thereof confer a right to participate in dividend subsequently declared in respect thereof;

(vii) that option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person except with the sanction of the Company in general meetings;

(viii) Permission for Sub-Division/Consolidation of Share Certificate.

3. The instrument of transfer shall be in writing and all the provisions of Companies Act 2013 and modification thereof for the time being shall be complied with in respect of all transfers of shares and registration thereof.

4. Unless the Directors decide otherwise, when an instrument of transfer is tendered by the transferee, before registering any such transfer, the Directors shall give notice by letter sent by registered acknowledgement due post to the registered holder that such transfer has been lodged and that unless objection is taken the transfer will be registered. If such registered holder fails to lodge an objection in writing at the office within ten days from the posting of such notice to him, he shall be deemed to have admitted the validity of the said transfer. Where no notice is received by the registered holder, the Directors shall be deemed to have decided not to give notice and in any event to the non-receipt by the registered holder of any notice shall not entitle him to make any claim of any kind against the Company or the Directors in respect of such non-receipt.

32. The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by section 58 and other applicable provision of the Act, these Regulations or any other law for the time being in force, refuse whether in pursuance of any power of the company under these Regulations or otherwise to register the transfer of, or the transmission by operation of law of the right to, any shares or interest of a Member in or debentures of the Company. The Company shall within thirty days from the date on which the instrument of transfer, or the intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, was delivered to Company, send notice of the refusal to the transferee and the transferor or to the person giving intimation of such transmission, as the case may be, giving reasons for such refusal. Provided that the registration of transfer shall not be refused on the ground of transferor being either alone or jointly with any person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except where the Company has a lien on shares.

33. 1. The Board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless—

- (a) The instrument of transfer is in the form as prescribed in rules made under sub-section (1) of section 56;
- (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
- (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.

2. All instruments of transfer which shall be registered shall be retained by the Company, but may be destroyed upon the expiration of such period as the Board may from time to time determine. Any instrument of transfer which the Board declines to register shall (except in any case of fraud) be returned to the person depositing the same.

34. No fee shall be charged for registration of transfer, transmission, probate, succession certificate and Letters of administration, Certificate of Death or Marriage, Power of Attorney or similar other document.

35. (1) On giving not less than seven days previous notice in accordance with section 91 and rules made thereunder, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine:

Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.

(2) There shall be no charge for :

- (a) registration of shares or debentures.
- (b) sub-division and/or consolidation of shares and debentures certificates and sub-division of Letters of Allotment and split consolidation, renewal and pucca transfer receipts into denominations corresponding to the market unit or trading;
- (c) sub-division of renounceable Letters of Right;
- (d) issue of new certificates in replacement of those which are decrepit or worn out or where the cages on the reverse for recording transfers have been fully utilised;
- (e) registration of any Powers of Attorney, Letter of Administration and similar other documents.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

36. (i) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares.

(ii) Nothing in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.

37. (i) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either—
(a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
(b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.

(ii) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.

38. (i) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.
(ii) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.
(iii) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these Regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.

39. 1. On the transfer of the share being registered in his name a person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company.

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

2. Where the Company has knowledge through any of its principal officers within the meaning of Section 2 of the Estate Duty Act, 1953 of the death of any member of or debenture holder in the company, it shall furnish to the controller within the meaning of such section, the prescribed particulars in accordance with that Act and the rules made thereunder and it shall not be lawful for the Company to register the transfer of any shares or debentures standing in the name of the deceased, unless the transferor has acquired such shares for valuable consideration or a certificate from the Controller is produced before the Company to the effect that the Estate Duty in respect of such shares and debentures has been paid or will be paid or that none is due, as the case may be.

3. The Company shall incur liability whatever in consequence of its registering or giving effect, to any transfer of share made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the register of members) to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title of interest to or in the said shares notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right, title or interest or notice prohibiting registration of such transfer and may have entered such notice or referred thereto, in any book of the Company and the Company shall not be bound or required to regard or attend or give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable right, title or interest or be under any liability for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in some book of the Company but the Company though not bound so to do, shall be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto if the Board shall so think fit.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

40. If a member fails to pay any call, or instalment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.

41. The notice aforesaid shall—

- (a) name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
- (b) state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.

42. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time, thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the date of forfeiture, which shall be the date on which the resolution of the Board is passed forfeiting the shares.

43. (i) A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit

(ii) At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.

44. (i) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the Company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the company in respect of the shares together with interest thereon from the time of forfeiture until payment at the rate of 9 % (nine percent) per annum.

(ii) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.

45. (i) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary, of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;

(ii) The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;

(iii) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and

(iv) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

46. 1. The provisions of these Regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of nonpayment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

2. The forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in and also of all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the share, and all other rights incidental thereto except only such of those right as by these Articles are expressly saved.

3.Upon any sale, after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of powers hereinbefore given, the Board may appoint some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold and cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the Register in respect of the shares sold and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings or to be application of the purchase money and after his name has been entered in the Register in respect of such shares, the validity, of the sale shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively.

4.Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of these Articles relating to lien or to forfeiture, the certificate or certificates originally issued in respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company have been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and of no effect. When any shares, under the powers in that behalf herein contained are sold by the Board and the certificate in respect thereof has not been delivered up to the Company by the former holder of such shares, the Board may, issue a new certificate for such shares distinguishing it in such manner as it may think fit, from the certificate not so delivered.

5.The Directors may subject to the provisions of the Act, accept from any member on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed, a surrender of his shares or stock or any part thereof.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

47. The company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution.

48. Subject to the provisions of section 61, the company may, by ordinary resolution,-
(a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
(b) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
(c) sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;
(d) cancel any share which, at the date of the passing of the resolution in that behalf, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

49. 1. The Company may, by an ordinary resolution:-

(a) convert any paid-up shares into stock; and
(b) reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination authorised by these Regulations.

2. The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulations under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred or as near thereto as circumstances admit:

Provided the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of Stock transferable, so however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

3. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regard dividends voting and meeting of the Company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.

4. Such of the regulations of the Company (other than those relating to share warrants), as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholders" in those regulations shall include "stock" and "stockholder" respectively.

50. 1. The company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised and consent required by law,-
(a) its share capital;
(b) any capital redemption reserve account; or (c) any share premium account.

The Company may, from time to time, by special resolution and on compliance with the provisions of Section 66 of the Act, reduce its share capital.

2. The Company shall have power to establish Branch Offices, subject to the provisions of the Act or any statutory modifications thereof.

3. The Company shall have power to pay interest out of its capital on so much of shares which were issued for the purpose of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any work or building or the provision of any plant for the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

4. The Company, if authorised by a special resolution passed at a General Meeting may amalgamate or cause itself to be amalgamated with any other person, firm or body corporate, subject however, to the provisions of Section 230 to 232 of the Act.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

51. (1) The company in General Meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board resolve:-
(a) that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the Profit and Loss Account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
(b) that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (2) among the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.

(2) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash, but shall be applied, subject to the provisions contained in clause (3), either in or towards :-

(i) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;

(ii) paying up in full, unissued shares of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid; or

(iii) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (i) and partly in that is specified in sub-clause (ii).

(3) Any share/ securities premium account and any capital redemption reserve fund may, for the purpose of this Regulations, only be applied in the paying up of unissued share to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.

(4) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this Regulation.

(i) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall—

(a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and

(b) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.

(ii) The Board shall have power—

(a) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and

(b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or as the case may require, for the payment by the company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;

(iii) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.

52. (1) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall:-

(a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares, if any; and (b) do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.

(2) The Board shall have full power:-

(a) to make such provision, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and also

(b) to authorise any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or as the case may require, for the payment by the company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;

(3) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.

BUY-BACK OF SHARES

53. Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to the provisions of sections 68 to 70 and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.

GENERAL MEETINGS

54. All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.

55. (i) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.

(ii) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

56. 1. No general meeting, annual or extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss or transact any business which has not been stated in the notice by which it was convened or called
2. (i) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.

(ii) Save as otherwise provided in Section 103 of the Act, a minimum of:-

- a) five members personally present if the number of members as on the date of meeting is not more than one thousand;
- b) fifteen members personally present if the number of members as on the date of meeting is more than one thousand but up to five thousand;
- c) thirty members personally present if the number of members as on the date of the meeting exceeds five thousand;

Furthermore, A body corporate, being member, shall be deemed to be personally present if it is represented in accordance with Section 113 of the Act.

57. The chairperson, if any, of the Board shall preside as Chairperson at every general meeting of the company.

58. If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

59. 1. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

2. No business shall be discussed at any general meeting except the election of a Chairman, whilst the chair is vacant.

ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING

60. 1. (i) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.

(ii) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

(iii) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.

(iv) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

2. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes places or at which the poll is demanded shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.

3. Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded, may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.

VOTING RIGHTS

61. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares,—

(a) on a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and

(b) on a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company.

62. A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.

63. (i) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.

(ii) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.

64. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

65. Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.

66. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.

67. (i) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.

(ii) Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

PROXY

68. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarised copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

69. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under section 105.

70. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:

Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

71. 1. *The number of Directors of the Company shall not be less than three and not more than fifteen.*

2. *The Following were the First Directors at the time of incorporation of the Company*

1. *Shri Kanohar Lal Singhal*
2. *Smt. Trishla Singhal*

72. 1. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company one-third of such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation in accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Act or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one third shall retire from office in accordance with the provisions of Sections 152 of the Act.

2. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made there under each Director shall be paid sitting fees for each meeting of the Board or a committee thereof, attended by him a sum not exceeding Rs. 100,000/- (Rupees One Lacs Only);

(2) Subject to the provisions of Section 197 of the Act, the Directors shall be paid such further remuneration, whether in the form of monthly payment or by a percentage of profit or otherwise, as the Company in General Meeting may, from time to time, determine and such further remuneration shall be divided among the Directors in such proportion and in such manner as the Board may, from time to time, determine and in default of such determination, shall be divided among the directors equally of is so determined paid on a monthly basis.

(3) The remuneration of the Directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day to day.

(4) Subject to the provisions of Sections 197 of the Act, if any Director be called upon to perform any extra services or make special exertions or efforts (which expression shall include work done by a Director as a member of any committee formed by the Directors) the Board may pay such Director special remuneration for such extra services or special exertions or efforts either by way of a fixed sum or by percentage of profit otherwise and may allow such Director at the cost and expense of the Company such facilities or amenities (such as rent free house, medical aid and free conveyance) as the Board may determine from time to time.

(5) In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of the Act, the Directors may be paid in accordance with company's rules to be made by the Board all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them :-

- (a) In attending and returning from meetings or adjourned meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof; or
- (b) In connection with the business of the Company.

3. The Directors shall not be required to hold any qualification shares in the Company.

4. If it is provided by any trust deed securing or otherwise in connection with any issue of debentures of the Company that the debenture trustee(s) shall have power to nominate a Director of the Company then in the case of any and every such issue of debentures, the debenture trustee(s) having the power may exercise such power, from time to time, and appoint a Director accordingly. Any Director so appointed is herein referred to as a Debenture Director. A Debenture Director may be removed from office at any time by the debenture trustee(s) in whom, for the time being, the power under which he was appointed is vested and another Director may be appointed in his place. A Debenture Director shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

5. In the course of its business and for its benefit the Company shall, subject to the provisions of the Act, be entitled to agree with any person, firm, corporation, government, financing institution or other authority that he or it shall have the right to appoint his or its nominee on the Board of Directors of the Company upon such terms and conditions as the Directors may deem fit. Such nominees and their successors in office appointed under this Article shall be called Nominee Directors. Nominee Directors shall be entitled to hold office until requested to retire by the government, authority, person, firm, institution or corporation who may have appointed them and will not be bound to retire by rotation. As and whenever a Nominee Director vacates office whether upon request as aforesaid or by death, resignation or otherwise the government, authority, person, firm, institution or corporation who appointed such Nominee Director may if the agreement so provide, appoint another Director in his place.

6. Subject to the provisions of Section 161 of the Act, the Board of Directors shall have power to appoint an alternate Director to act for a Director during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India.

7. The Directors shall have power, at any time and from time to time, to appoint any qualified person to be a director to fill a casual vacancy. Such casual vacancy shall be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board. Any person so appointed shall hold office only up to the date up to which the director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated as aforesaid but he shall then be eligible for re-election.

8. A person may be or become a director of any company promoted by the company or in which it may be interested as a vendor, shareholder or otherwise and no such Director shall be accountable for any benefits received as director or shareholder of such company. Such Director, before receiving or enjoying such benefits in case in which the provisions of Section 188 of the Act are attracted will ensure that the same have been complied with.

9. Every nomination, appointment or removal of a Special Director shall be in writing and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the government, corporation or any other institution. A Special Director shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges and be subject to same obligations as any other Director or the Company.

10. The office of a Director shall become vacant:-

- (i) on the happening of any of the events provided for in Section 167 of the Act;
- (ii) on the contravention of the provisions of Sections 188 of the Act, or any statutory modifications thereof;
- (iii) if a person is a Director of more than twenty Companies at a time, out of which not more than 10 (Ten) shall be Public Companies.
- (iv) in the case of alternate Director on return of the original Director to the State, in terms of Section 161 of the Act; or
- (v) on resignation of his office by notice in writing and is accepted by the Board.

73. The Board may pay all expenses incurred in getting up and registering the company.

74. The company may exercise the powers conferred on it by section 88 with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of that section) make and vary such regulations as it may thinks fit respecting the keeping of any such register.

75. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, *hundis*, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.

76. Every director present at any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof shall sign his name in a book to be kept for that purpose.

77. (i) Subject to the provisions of section 149, the Board shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint a person as an additional director, provided the number of the directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the articles.

(ii) Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting of the company but shall be eligible for appointment by the company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.

78. 1. (i) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.

(ii) A director may, and the manager or secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.

2. Subject to Section 174 of the Act, the quorum for a meeting of the Board of Directors shall be one third of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one third being rounded off as one) or two Directors, whichever is higher; provided that where at any time the number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two thirds of the total strength, the number of the remaining Directors, that is to say, the number of directors, who are not interested, present at the meeting, being not less than two, shall be the quorum during such time.

3. The participation of the Directors by video conferencing or by other audio visual means shall also be counted for the purposes of quorum under clause [105] of the Articles.

4. If a meeting of the Board could not be held for want of quorum, whatever number of Directors not being less than two, shall be present at the adjourned meeting, notice where of shall be given to all the Directors, shall form a quorum.

79. (i) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes.

(ii) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board, if any, shall have a second or casting vote

80. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.

81. 1. (i) The Board may elect a Chairperson of its meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office.

(ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairperson of the meeting.

2. Subject to the restrictions contained in Section 179 & 180 of the Act, the Board may delegate any of its powers to committees of the Board consisting of such member or members of its body as it think fit and it may, from time to time, revoke such delegation and discharge any such committee of the Board either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee of the Board so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Board. All acts done by any such committee of the Board in conformity with such regulations and in fulfilment of the purposes of their appointment but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

3. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee of the Board consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last proceeding Article.

82. (i) The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit.

(ii) Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board.

83. (i) A committee may elect a Chairperson of its meetings.
(ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

84. (i) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.
(ii) Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.

85. All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.

86. Subject to Section 175 of the Act and except a resolution which the Act requires specifically to be passed in any board meeting, a resolution in writing, signed by the majority members of the Board or of a committee thereof; for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or committee, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or committee, duly convened and held.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, MANAGER, COMPANY SECRETARY OR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

87. Subject to the provisions of the Act,—

(i) A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;

(ii) A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

88. A provision of the Act or these Regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE

89. The company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

90. Subject to the provisions of section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the company.

91. (i) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, thinks fit. (ii) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not, to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.

92. Subject to the rights of persons, if any,

- (i) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Regulation as paid on the share.
- (ii) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

93. The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the company.

94. (i) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.
(ii) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.

95. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.

96. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.

97. No dividend shall bear interest against the company.

98. Where the Company has declared a dividend but which has not been paid or claimed within 30 days from the date of declaration, the Company shall transfer the total amount of dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed within the said period of 30 days, to a special account to be opened by the company in that behalf in any scheduled bank, to be called "Unpaid Dividend Account".

99. The company shall, within a period of ninety days of making any transfer of an amount under Regulation 99 to the Unpaid Dividend Account, prepare a statement containing the names, their last known addresses and the unpaid dividend to be paid to each person and place it on the website of the company, if any, and also on any other website approved by the Central Government for this purpose, in such form, manner and other particulars as may be prescribed.

100. If any default is made in transferring the total amount referred to in the Regulation 99 or any part thereof to the Unpaid Dividend Account of the company, it shall pay, from the date of such default, interest on so much of the amount as has not been transferred to the said account, at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum and the interest accruing on such amount shall ensure to the benefit of the members of the company in proportion to the amount remaining unpaid to them.

101. Any money transferred to the Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer, shall be transferred by the company to the Fund known as Investor Education and Protection Fund established under section 125 of the Act and the Company shall send a statement in the prescribed form of the details of such transfer to the authority which administers the said fund and that authority shall issue a receipt to the Company as evidence of such transfer.

All shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for 7 (seven) consecutive years or more shall be transferred by the Company in the name of the Investors Education and Protection Fund subject to the provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder.

102. No unclaimed or unpaid dividend shall be forfeited by the Board.

ACCOUNTS

103. (1) The Board shall cause proper books of accounts to be maintained under Sections 128 and 129 of the Act.
(2) The Board shall, from time to time, determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being Directors.
(3) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by the company in general meeting.

WINDING UP

104. Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made thereunder—

(i) If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.

(ii) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.

(iii) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY

105. Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the court or the Tribunal.

OTHERS

106.

SHARE WARRANTS

1. The Company may issue share warrant, subject to and in accordance with, the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and accordingly the Board may in its discretion with respect of any share which is fully paid up, on application in writing signed by the person registered as holder of the share and authenticated by such evidence (if any) as the Board may, from time to time, require as to the identity of the person signing the application and on receiving the certificate (if any) of the share; and the amount of the stamp duty on the warrant and such fee as the Board may, from time to time, require, issue a share warrant.
2. (1) The bearer of a share warrant may at any time deposit the warrant at the office of the Company and so long as the warrant remains so deposited, the depositor shall have the same right of signing a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company and of attending and voting and exercising, the other privileges of a member at any meeting held after the expiry of two clear days from the time of deposit, as if his name were inserted in the register of members as the holder of the shares included in the deposited warrant.
(2) Not more than one person shall be recognised as depositor of the share warrant.
(3) The Company shall, on two days written notice, return the deposited share warrant to the depositor.
3. (1) Subject as herein otherwise expressly provided, no person shall, as bearer of a share warrant, sign a requisition for calling meeting of the Company or attend or vote or exercise any other privilege of a member at a meeting of the company or be entitled to receive any notice from the Company.
(2) The bearer of a share warrant shall be entitled in all other respects to the same privileges and advantages as if he was named in the register of member as the holder of the shares including in the warrant and he shall be deemed to be a member of the Company in respect thereof.
4. The Board may, from time to time, make rules as to the terms on which (if it shall think fit) a new share warrant or coupon may be issued by way of renewal in case of defacement, loss or destruction of the original.

MANAGING DIRECTOR(S) AND WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR(S)

1. Subject to provisions of Section 196 & 197 of the Act, the Board of Directors may, from time to time, appoint one or more of their body to the office of Managing Directors or whole time Directors for a period not exceeding 5 (five) years at a time and on such terms and conditions as the Board may think fit and subject to the terms of any agreement entered into with him, may

revoke such appointment, and in making such appointments the Board shall ensure compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and shall seek and obtain such approvals as are prescribed by the Act, provided that a Director so appointed, shall not be whilst holding such office, be subject to retirement by rotation but his appointment shall automatically be determined if he ceases to be a Director.

2. The Board may entrust and confer upon Managing Director/s or whole time Director/s any of the powers of management which would not otherwise be exercisable by him upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Board may think fit, subject always to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board and the Board may, from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.
3. Subject to Section 203 of the Act, a Secretary of the Company may be appointed by the Board on such terms, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit, and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by the Board.

BALANCE SHEET AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

1. Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account of the Company will be audited once in a year by a qualified auditor for correctness as per provision of the Act.

AUDIT

1. (a) The first Auditor of the Company shall be appointed by the Board of Directors within thirty days from the date of registration of the Company and the Auditors so appointed shall hold office until the conclusion of the first Annual General Meeting.
The auditor shall be hold office from the conclusion of First Annual General Meeting till conclusion of Sixth Annual General Meeting
(b) The remuneration of the Auditor shall be fixed by the Company in the Annual General Meeting or in such manner as the Company in the Annual General Meeting may determine. In case of an Auditor appointed by the Board his remuneration shall be fixed by the Board.
(c) The Board of Director may fill any casual vacancy in the office of the auditor and where any such vacancy continues, the remaining auditor, if any may act, but where such vacancy is caused by the resignation of the auditors and vacancy shall be filled up by the Company in General Meeting.

SECRECY

1. Subject to the provisions of law of land and the act, every manager, auditor trustee, member of a committee, officer servant, agent accountant or other persons employed in the business of the company shall, if so required by the Board of Directors before entering upon his duties, sign, declaration, pledging himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company with its customers and the state of account with individuals and in matters relating thereto and shall by such declaration pledge himself, not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties except when required to do so by the directors or by any court of law and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed hereto, and desirous of being formed into a Company, in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Signatures, Names, Descriptions, Occupations and addresses of Subscribers	Number of Shares taken by each Subscriber	Signature, Name, Description, Occupation and address of the Witness
1. Kanohar Lal (KANOHAR LAL SINGHAL) Business, S/o Late L. Durga Prasad, Near Lisari Gate, Meerut.	1 (One)	Shyam Sundar Gupta (SHYAM SUNDAR GUPTA) Chartered Accountant, S/o Shri Shiva Charan Gupta, Western Kutchery Road, Meerut.
2. Trishla Singhal (TRISHLA SINGHAL) Business, W/o Shri Kanohar Lal Singhal, Hari Nagar, Near Lisari Gate, Meerut	1 (One)	
Total	2 (Two) Equity Shares	

Dated this 28th day of October, 1972.